

1 KINGS 12-16 TEST

3031

NAME: _____

The MAJOR EVENTS covered thus far are:

1. _____ in the book of _____
2. _____ in the book of _____
3. _____ in the book of _____
4. _____ in the book of _____
5. _____ in the book of _____
6. _____ in the book of _____
7. _____ in the book of _____
8. _____ in the book of _____
9. _____ in the book of _____
10. _____ in the book of _____
11. _____ in the book of _____
12. _____ in the book of _____
13. _____ in the book of _____
14. _____ in the book of _____
15. _____ in the book of _____
16. _____ in the book of _____

GEOGRAPHY:

Put these 14 places on Map #1:

Canaan, Great Sea, Egypt, Mesopotamia, Euphrates River, Ur, Haran, Sinai, Red Sea, Midian, Syria, Tyre, Arabia, Lebanon.

Put these 33 places on Map #2:

Tribes: Ephraim, Judah, Benjamin, Manasseh.

Water: Great Sea, Jordan, Jabbok, and Arnon Rivers, Salt Sea.

Territories: Edom, Moab, Ammon, Philistia, Bashan, Gilead, Galilee.

Cities: Shechem, Shiloh, Bethel and Ai, Jericho, Gilgal, Jerusalem, Bethlehem, Hebron, Beersheba, Gath, Gibeon, Gibeah, Ramoth-gilead, Dothan, Jezreel, Sodom.

1. Ahijah, a prophet from Shiloh, told a young man named _____ that ten tribes would be taken from King Solomon and given to him.
2. Solomon's son Rehoboam met with all Israel at _____ to be made king.
- 3-4. The old men who stood before Solomon while he lived counseled the young king Rehoboam to speak kindly to the people, but Rehoboam followed the ungodly counsel of _____, who advised him to speak arrogantly to the people.
As a result, the 10 northern tribes rejected Rehoboam as their king, and became a nation separate from Judah, called the Kingdom of _____.
5. When Rehoboam sent a man named _____ to collect tribute, the people of the ten northern tribes stoned him to death.
6. To quell the rebellion of the ten northern tribes, Rehoboam assembled an army from the tribes of Judah and Benjamin, but the prophet _____ told them not to go to battle because the division of the nation was of the LORD.
7. Jeroboam devised a religion for the northern kingdom, very similar to the true religion which Judah continued to observe. This became known as "**the _____ of Jeroboam.**"
8. This appealing, yet evil, religion included two golden calves, one up north at Dan and the other at _____, a city near Israel's southern border with Judah.
9. An unnamed prophet from Judah came to this southern border town and prophesied of a child named _____ who would someday be born to the house of David and who would tear that altar down.
10. God had given that prophet orders not to eat bread nor drink water while in Israel, nor to _____.
11. An old prophet who lived nearby lied to this prophet and told him that an angel of God had revealed to him that it was permitted now for him to drink water and eat bread while there. So, the prophet of the LORD went to eat and drink at the house of _____.
12. After the meal, the word of the LORD came to _____, saying to the prophet of the LORD that he would not to be buried in his fathers' sepulcher.
13. When he heard that this word of the LORD had come true, and that the disobedient prophet had been killed by a lion on the way home, _____ commanded his sons to bury him in his sepulcher, and to bury him with the dead prophet when he himself died.

14. Because they had been “kicked out” from executing their priestly functions by Jeroboam, the Levites and priests left Israel, and went _____.
15. The king of Egypt, Pharaoh _____, invaded Judah and took away the treasures of the house of the Lord, after Rehoboam forsook the Lord his God.
16. According to Israel’s new religion, anyone could become a _____ if he brought a young bullock and seven rams to consecrate himself.
17. King Baasha was from the tribe of Judah. T or F
18. With a million-man army, the nation of _____ came against Asa, the king of Judah.
19. Asa was a descendant of King _____, who was the second king of the united kingdom of Israel.
20. When King Baasha attacked King Asa, Asa took silver and gold out of the house of the Lord, and sent it to the king of _____ for help. Apparently, Asa had forgotten about God's deliverance from a million man army.
21. In Tirzah, _____, who murdered King Elah and slew all the kindred and friends of Baasha, burned the palace down upon himself when Omri and Israel’s army besieged him.
22. Omri purchased the hill, Samaria, built a city upon it, and called it _____. This city became the capitol of the northern kingdom throughout the rest of Israel’s history.
23. King _____ *“did more to provoke the Lord God of Israel to anger than all the kings of Israel before him.”* He built a house (a temple) for Baal in Samaria and raised up an altar for that god there.
24. He also married a wicked woman named _____, daughter of the heathen Eth-baal, king of the Zidonians.
25. King Jehoshaphat sent Levites throughout the country of _____ to teach the people the way of the LORD. They had the book of the Law of the Lord with them.
26. Before Israel was divided into two nations, there were three kings who ruled over the united kingdom of Israel. The tribe from which two of these three kings came was _____.

From Jerusalem, which direction would you travel to the following places?

(Use “E” for east, “W” for west, “N” for north, and “S” for south)

Great Sea ____	Salt Sea ____	Jordan River ____	Bethel ____
Shechem ____	Shiloh ____	Philistia ____	Sinai ____
Hebron ____	Bethlehem ____	Moab ____	Gilead ____
Syria ____	Beersheba ____	Jezreel ____	Ephraim ____
Arnon River ____	Egypt ____	Euphrates River ____	Edom ____
Gibeon ____	Gibeah ____	Jericho ____	Jabbok River ____
Bashan ____	Dothan ____	Ramoth-gilead ____	Red Sea ____

DRAW AND LABEL THE TABERNACLE :